44 Columns of "Wants."

The Chicago Tribune.

Largest Morning Circulation

VOLUME XLVII. TUESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1892. PRICE THREE CENTS.

GEORGE IS REPUDIATED.

MANITOBA DETERMINED.

COLLIER SEES THE QUEEN.

KNOWS WHO SHOT HIM.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST

THE COUNTY BOARD FU

SAFE

SPORTS OF A RAINY DAY.

THE LOG OF THE LAKES.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CHICAGO BASE BALL PARK.
MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 22,
COLOSSAL KRALFT'S
SIEGE OF TROY.
The Grand Trojan Divertisement
By a Corps of 400 Dancers.
Grand Chorus and Orchestra of 150.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE.
Last Week But One.
ARABIAN NIGHTS.
PANORAMA.
Sounds of Battle,
Points of War,
Drummer Boy of Shiloh,
BATTLE OF SHILOH.
WEST SIDE DRIVING PARK.
Sport! Sport! Sport!
Some Great Horse Racing Today.
6 - MAMMOTH CARDS - 6
A. M. PALMER'S COMPANY.
ELAINE.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
A "TIN SOLDIER" BOOM.
COLUMBIA THEATER.
COLUMBIA THEATER EXTRA.
EVANGELINE.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Miss Louis Lord
as "DORIA."
PROPLE'S—Cor. Van Buren.
THE SILVER KING.
BATTLE OF
GETTYSBURG
STANDARD THEATER.

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1897.

The public schools of Chicago will open Sept. 7.

Governor Waxell continues to improve in health.

A cyclone in the New York slum districts is predicted.

Eleven N. Y. Sun drills have been ordered to produce their books.

Passenger Contracts will arrive in St. Louis this evening at 7:30.

A. J. Tumbridge, the New York educator, dropped dead yesterday.

Seven league meetings are to be held during the postponement of that order.

Russia has declared that she will not recognize Ferdinand as Prince of Bulgaria.

An active demand for grain caused the market yesterday, and rates were firm.

Steven W. Cox was yesterday elected a member of the Cook County Board, vice H. H. Rogers, deceased.

Puis-ne Collector Lee has examined before a State court for alleged defalcation at the character of M. Lara.

The Stakeholders will hold a conference in the House of Commons Thursday to arrange for supporting the Executive.

A. M. Wells has sold to Charles Harlan, for $30,000, the premises No. 56 Wells street and Nos. 11 and 13 Illinois street.

Rogue House receivership at Gardner, Ill., was evening in connection with the fatal shooting of Walter S. Bennett of this city.

The "T" on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad in Washington, the scene of numerous accidents resulting in the loss of life, will be removed.

A concession was elected by the County Board yesterday that hereafter no bids be received at purchases made from any county, firm, or corporation neglected in the county funds.

It is reported that Germany will consent to Russia's occupying Bulgaria temporarily if the number of troops and the period of occupation be previously defined. Russia, however, will not consent to restrictions.

Plans for domestic strictly made upon Washington hotels for rooms to be occupied when the National Retail Congress, to meet there Sept. 6, will be the largest gathering of visitors ever assembled in this or any other country.

The Committee on Public Service was to present at the meeting of the County Board yesterday to furnish to the Finance Committee a revised list of the daily necessary to maintain the various institutions, with recommendations as to compensation.

Whatever advice may be the effect that Commissioner Kilgarlin's attempt to wholly suspend Collector Bellenger of Chicago is the result of the investigation into the charges made against him by the Chicago Civil Service Reform Association will probably attempt.

The efficiency of Percy A. Machinelli, the anti-saloonist lead, in holding the seat in the County Board against those all compromise from this date stated to spare his feelings. If he had an atom of anti-snapper he would not wish to thrust his company upon honest men. Through the influence of the State's attorney he is now out of jail, but he is only a ticket-of-leave man after all, and has not the right to hold any public office. If there is any power in the County Board to do it, as we fancy there is, he ought to be promptly expelled from that body.

From a Democratic view the Sun (Ind. Wis.) Star was not happy in saying that "the battle is a true Gladstone of Socialism." In the battles, the reverend preacher to the contrary, all are not Workers. But he was best of the dreams of the time! Sing-ful and not the Holy spin, but they enjoy the events of the time. And that is the way it would be under a Socialistic political system. Some would have to work hard all the time while the lazy and the thriftless would loaf and idle. There would be no incentive to work as long as the lazier half an equal share with the active and the industrious. It is such inequality to a Christian minister to compare Henry George with Jesus Christ.

Chicago shippers contracted last Saturday evening 1,071,000 bushels of wheat, 2,186,000 bushels of corn, 1,000,000 bushels of oats, 21,000 bushels of rye, over 30,000 bushels of barley; total, 3,314,000 bushels of all kinds of grain, against 11,000,000 bushels a year ago. For the seven days the Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade states the visible supply of grain in the United States and Canada was 61,-407,000 bushels of wheat, 6,136,000 bushels of corn, 4,442,000 bushels of oats, 612,000 bushels of rye, and 182,000 bushels of barley. These figures are smaller than the corresponding week a week ago by 771,000 in wheat and smaller by 400,000 in corn. The visible supply of wheat for the corresponding week a year ago amounted to 71,171,000 bushels.

The inevitable demand for money was given, but there was little inquiry in this city for millions of grain and provisions. Buying was not excitedly charged, but cash was even scarcer. Settlement exception was that the New York Stock Exchange there was a fair business, and prices ad- vanced to dollars.—The Chicago prices mentioned were called more actively, and averaged firmer. The exception of wheat and corn to shade in this country both showed a further decrease, and stocks were bought by dry- [illegible]

[illegible] joint the combination, and will thereafter be opposed the proposition of the profits. This is a great improvement over the old system. By this means will be found to spare worthless distillers into paying the just and honorable dividends while insuring the pure and unadulterated article to secure for the consumers of the trust. There will of course be a considerable number of distillers who have a considerable stock and have denied to an difficulty in raising production and securing greater returns on a lessened output of whisky. The "trust" system ought to apply to the manufacture of whisky as well as to the production of coal, and the operations will be such more satisfactory when it puts down the supply and raises the price of alcohol than when it does in the manner as consumers of life.

The plank of the Paris environment to appeal to the whisky trust vote for slight criticism. The distillers have labored assembly the Socialist-Labor plan to perfecting their arrangements that they unfortunately made inconvenience shorter to those of other trust combinations and which are wholly out of place in this instance. They say that under the combination "spirits will be manufactured as cheaply as possible," the inference being that the price will be lessened to the consumer. Such is not the object or purpose of a "trust." Production will be cheapened only to swell the margin of profit, and the main object of a trust is to advance prices. Economy makes are put forth by other trusts only to increase public prejudice, but with the distillers this is unnecessary. Just to the degree that they carefully conserve the question of increasing the supply and advancing the price of whisky will they increase public applause. The false pretenses made as often by other trusts in regard to cheapening prices to consumers are an figure in this case. The public can afford to plan an advance in the comparatively small amount of liquor needed for medicinal purposes and Congress may release all taxes and restrictions on the manufacture of such liquor, but such an is asked will be no to the wise and cannot be considered as a beverage. Let the supply of all other trusts be cut down and prices pushed up. Success to the whisky trust.

REPUBLICAN GAINS IN CONTEST.

Now that the Kentucky vote is to be opportunity to offhand for a consideration of the figures, both in their general aspect, of all having the Gubernatorial race between Bradley and Hagley and by Congressional districts, where the great Republican gain is even more conspicuous, as well as by legislative districts, where the aim is to get next to sentiment. The Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune's correspondent at Louisville makes the following comparative statement, which shows the steady decline in the Democratic majorities during the last two years:

[illegible]

Counting from every point of view the unanimous Republican gain is apparent. The Republicans will have thirty-four Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly, or about double the number they had in the last, which shows that they have made inroads upon the Democratic strength, locally as well as generally. Considered by Congressional districts the gain is quite striking still. Five of the eleven districts have been carried by the Republicans, as the [illegible]

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN GAINS IN KENTUCKY.

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THE SOCIETY MAKES FULL CHARGES.

At the meeting of the County Board yesterday Commissioner Hoch took his seat for the Jefferson Evanston district as the successor of Austin Eddie, and Messrs Cox of Lincoln was elected as the successor of Mr. Caughey, Mr. Hoger having promised to the declination to serve. Mr. Hoskins, a railroad station agent, was proposed for the place, but was properly rejected. Mr. Cox, who was appointed, is a young farmer of good situation, having at one time been a schoolteacher in the district. He is also a creditable lawyer. He is highly recommended and will doubtless make a good Commissioner.

The new board is now complete. Commissioner Blackwell still retains his seat, though it is now clear to him by the fact that neither the public nor the members of the board want him to public office. He will probably accept the Commissioners to most him. President Aldrich refused to appoint him on any of the committees last week. Commissioner Pellegrin refused to appoint him on any of the committees. He has refused to take them and true patron him, at the meeting yesterday a resolution offered by Commissioner Pellegrin was adopted declaring that the board would hereafter have no dealings with any person, firm, or corporation implicated in the county attorney or accused by the service offered in the caution bonds trial. The vote on this was unanimous. Blackwell himself voted for it. For he continues to act in the most outstanding the outlaw since he made on the attempt. It is an one appealing to such a man's sense of decency or propriety. The only thing to do is to expel him, if that can lawfully be done.

The reconstructed board is doing good work, but better is promised.

RETURN TO THE GREAT WHEAT CROP.

The managers of the great visible trust no sooner got their enormous headquarters at Fourth Bend up and the affairs of the organization in shape than they discovered a willingness to acquaint the public with some of the details. This is what was announced:

[illegible]

THE DEFECTION OF DONALD WELLS.

It is not about a quarter of a century since the liberators of the serfs in Russia, for the time in that widely feared the change would be speedily followed by national bankruptcy and explosion by dynamite, as the terrified peasants would not work when no longer compelled to do so. That did not happen. The prosperity of the subsequent years of that people. The value of the exports in 1860 was returned at [illegible] rubles, while those of 1896 are valued at 460,000,000 rubles (nearly $230,000,000), being an increase of 150 per cent. The figures for last year would probably show an increase of nearly 200 per cent. It seems the growth in the march of sheer hard work on the part of home labors, an army eighteen of the increase is made up of agricultural products, the land being now cultivated with a thoroughness and care unknown in the days of serfdom, while the area tilled has augmented to about the same ratio as the population. With the accomplishment of his reach the country has been vastly improved internally, though the railway system has not been developed in correspondence with that in the more northern portion of Europe.

The national turning of the past has half for its objects the extension of military power and the importation of produce. In the latter respect there has been a rude awakening. It was thought a few years ago that, with the completion of the railroad to Cincinnati the trade in wheat would become larger than ever, as it would enable Southern Russia to sell the grain in Western Europe at prices [illegible]

will which no other countries could compete. But the severe success of the last three years in the markets of the United States, coupled with a reduction in the charges of transportation from the West to the United Kingdom, has taken it out of the power of the Russian grain grower to sell on the same terms, relative to agriculture in the United States which are now the country. The discovery of this fact is alarming to ruined statesmen. The people of Russia both now succeed on the study of cooperative systems with a view to remedying the situation. It is proposed to make a systematic reduction in the charges for internal carrying and for handling at the seaboard. The latter we want to be necessary to the point of being thirteen times greater than those in the ports of the United States. If the trade can be moved there to move for a reform which may well make the shopkeepers and merchants of the country sit and what they are coming to. If with a present advantage over the Russian shipper is a difficult to understand. To waste perhaps is quickly removed, how low will wheat have to sell in Chicago in order to enable the farmers of the great Northwest to get rid of their surplus? And how much less than the current of costs per bushel now prevailing to the Red River Valley will it be necessary to accept in order that the present area of wheat culture in that region may be not only maintained but extended? These are portentous questions which may well give pause to the agricultural interests of the Mississippi Valley and lead them seriously to ask what the future may have in its lap with the keen competition of Russia and other countries.

In regard to the proposed theatrical entertainment for the benefit of the Chatsworth sufferers The Tribune desires again emphatically to say that the scheme does not depend for support on the Chicago public. The sufferers do not need a benefit, and have not asked for one. No project for one has been formed in Chicago or any of the surrounding towns where the sufferers live. No representative authority—municipal or otherwise—has asked for a benefit in behalf of the sufferers. The effort of a city theatrical manager to rush into the breach and pay $500 to his own traveling company for a week's engagement, making the cost of a theatre and advertising agencies all to come out of a benevolent fund, is to say the least of it, open to grave objections. If the people of Chicago wish to contribute to the relief of the Chatsworth sufferers they can do it in a much cheaper way. This is how the only necessary plan of advertising five dollars in "response" in order to get one dollar to the sufferers.

In support of its statements upon this subject Free Coinage submits the following despatch from its Peoria correspondent received last night and sent in reply to a question by query as to whether any relief were needed:

[illegible]

Chicago, 31, 1897. [illegible]

[illegible]

Success who is that when Pope was about to the judge who sentence of death against not to commit suicide by an only sentenced not the world: "I am not sick, my lord, a very sick man." That is about the only instance where one to attempt to evade of the wheel is known. It is an very common fact to despise of years preside the enemy.

Seven dreadful sufferers, of whom we hear on Wednesday that they could utterly recover, note the hideous fact that they are given half-open coffins have not yet turned out with the evil we

THE SUPREME COURT OF ILLINOIS.

It is now about a quarter of a century since the liberators of the serfs in Russia, for the time in that widely feared the change would be speedily followed by national bankruptcy and explosion by dynamite, as the terrified peasants would not work when no longer compelled to do so. That did not happen. The prosperity of the subsequent years of that people. The value of the exports in 1860 was returned at [illegible] rubles, while those of 1896 are valued at 460,000,000 rubles (nearly $230,000,000), being an increase of 150 per cent. The figures for last year would probably show an increase of nearly 200 per cent. It seems the growth in the march of sheer hard work on the part of home labors, an army eighteen of the increase is made up of agricultural products, the land being now cultivated with a thoroughness and care unknown in the days of serfdom, while the area tilled has augmented to about the same ratio as the population. With the accomplishment of his reach the country has been vastly improved internally, though the railway system has not been developed in correspondence with that in the more northern portion of Europe.

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DISSATISFIED KNIGHTS.

THEY WILL SOON POWERFULLY AT THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

They Don't Like the Attorney Policy and Position to Cause Cancer—All the Large Cities Will Send Delegates Opposed to the Present Administration—Powderly Will Try to Throw the Blame on the Supreme Board—A Radical Change the Only Salvation of the Order.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 30.—[Special.]—The great labs were of opposition to Secretary and the general officers of the Knights of Labor would has been completed over the country for the last two months in the election of delegates to the Minneapolis convention has brought conservatives and never into every stronghold of the ongoing administration, and on whom no doubt on the general headquarters is the chief. The race has not been confined to the progressive position, but a general and overwhelming. Nothing like it has ever been known within the order, and the result is a heavy condemnation to the Secretary and his colleagues. Powderly may not understand the blind but the dissatisfaction in the order was very specific and comprehensive suggestions, and their success was so nearly every the old influential district assembly to the country sent anti-administration delegates to Minneapolis can now be counted. They are fearful, it is said, that their race is about run, and accordingly they are exerting every nerve to work up the minority which is registered. Everywhere a secret race is being urged on the district clothing between the adherents and the opponents of the present administration. Powderly is to be with every possible influence to secure the election of delegates favorable to his re-election.

The most significant feature of this opposition gathering is the approval of the general officers which has followed it. Such delegates as the General Executive Board, with Thompson, Wright, Devlin, Hayes, Barry, Turner, and other members of the most powerful of the general officers, are represented as approving the action of the district assemblies in sending anti-administration delegates to Minneapolis. Powderly's position is thus left entirely isolated, and he will have to go back upon his own record and that of his colleagues if he is to be re-elected. The opposition to him is not confined to any one faction of the order, but is composed of the most conservative and intelligent elements in the organization. Powderly has not only lost the support of the Executive Board, but even the Executive Board has lost the confidence of the order. The opposition to Powderly is not confined to any one section of the country, but is equally strong in the East, West, North, and South. Powderly's position is thus left entirely isolated, and he will have to go back upon his own record and that of his colleagues if he is to be re-elected. The opposition to him is not confined to any one faction of the order, but is composed of the most conservative and intelligent elements in the organization. Powderly has not only lost the support of the Executive Board, but even the Executive Board has lost the confidence of the order. The opposition to Powderly is not confined to any one section of the country, but is equally strong in the East, West, North, and South.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

RUSSIA AFTER BULGARIA.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

IN AND AROUND NEW YORK.

NOVEL

"OFFER"

FOR TUESDAY.

Gen. U. S. Grant,

ROUSING SALE

NOW IN PROGRESS.

Dress Goods at half price.
Linens at half price.
Prints and Satines at half price.
Carpets and Lace Curtains 25 per cent reduction.

See Our Bargains.

Jas. Armstrong & Co.,
238 & 240 State-st.
"Popular and Reliable for Forty Years of Honest Dealing."

James H. Walker & Co.
Wabash-av and Adams-st.

PLUSH

$1.00

The above lot is well worthy the attention of Ladies, whether intending to purchase or not.
Non-Tarnishable Windows.

CITY of PARIS,
The Bargain House for
Silks and Velvets.
DID YOU EVER HEAR IT?
15c
PER YARD FOR
22-Inch Black Velveteen.
39c
PER YARD FOR
Warren Striped Silk Finished Velveteen,
ALL COLORS, WORTH $1.00.
SOUTH LOTS
Directly Caught from New York Market.
CITY OF PARIS STORE,
Dearborn, cor. Washington.

The Gold and Silver
SILLCUT'S
Are the Best and Cheapest.
WILLOUGHBY, HILL & CO.,
Jewelers, Diamond Importers, Silversmiths,
CUR. MADISON & CLARK-STS.

TAR-OID
PILES, "SALT" RHEUM

ESTEY PIANOS

Have received the HIGHEST award wherever introduced, and are recommended for their Exquisite Quality and Delicacy of Tone, combined with Great Power and Brilliancy; Great Strength of Construction, Lasting Durability, Purity, and Long Standing in Tune.

The NEW EDUCATIONAL ACTION, patent of and used only in the ESTEY PIANO, CONCERT, is a most commendable improvement; while the Tone imparted only requires to equalize in the treble, even at first, a trifle more labored touch of expression can be accomplished with surprising effect and precision.

These beautiful instruments can be seen and are offered at lower rates for cash or easy payments at the commonly high rates, and by 27 and 29 Jackson-st., of

ESTEY & CAMP.
PIANOS & ORGANS

WEAVER, TOD & CO.,
DEALERS IN
COAL
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
COKE
217-219 Dearborn-st.
TELEPHONE 1365.

PROPOSALS
For Steam Heating and Water Supply.

UNRIVALED. UNEQUALED.
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST

AREND'S KUMISS.

WEAK, NERVOUS PEOPLE

MONUMENTS

6%
Dakota Territory Bonds,
Issued May 1st, 1887. 10-20s.
Coupons payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July at Chemical National Bank, New York City.
Issued for Schools, Court House and Refund of Bonds, Public Buildings.
Denominations of Bonds, $500 and $1,000.
Have never defaulted in payment of principal or interest, and never will.
Have never been disputed, for reasons, why they are not satisfactory.
Legal investment for Savings Banks.
We offer a limited amount of these high grade bonds.
Pamphlets furnished on application.
N. W. Harris & Company,
115 & 117 Monroe-st.
Preston & Company,
120 La Salle-st.

NORTHWESTERN
BOND &
TRUST CO.
84 LA SALLE-ST.

$150,000
CITY OF ST. PAUL
4½ Per Cent Bonds,
DUE 1907.
Principal and interest payable in New York.
FOR SALE BY
BLAKE BROTHERS & CO.,
33 State-st., Boston.

Francis B. Peabody & Co.
BUILDING LOANS
ON EXCEPTIONALLY FAVORABLE TERMS.
No. 115 Dearborn Street.

F. C. POPE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
In Grain and Provisions.

To the Stockholders
of the
Northern Pacific Railroad Co.

A GENTLEMAN
Board of Trade Membership.

BUSINESS.

TAKE THE
MINNESOTA & NORTHWESTERN R. R.
BETWEEN
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Des Moines.

PENNSYLVANIA
Indianapolis Classical School.
Racine College and Grammar School.
American Conservatory
MOUNT VERNON INSTITUTE
Chicago Musical Seminary, 92
CHICAGO CONSERVATORY.
GIRLS' HIGHER SCHOOL.
ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY,
Todd Seminary for Boys.
MITCHELL'S
BORGAS PARK MILITARY ACADEMY.
BRYANT SCHOOL,
Miss Parker's Boarding and Day School for Girls.
Illinois Conservatory of Music.
GREYLOCK INSTITUTE.
TROTH SEMINARY.
CHICAGO FEMALE COLLEGE.
Frascati Park Hotel
LAKE GENEVA, WIS.

THE COMSTOCK SCHOOL
Institute of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart.
CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE
THE KINKLAND SCHOOL,
MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
UNION COLLEGE OF LAW.

WANTS

WEEK DAY PRICE, 10cts. per line.

BRANCH OFFICES.

LOST AND FOUND.

SITUATIONS—MALE.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

APIARIES.

MACHINERY.

PATENTS.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

TO EXCHANGE.

INVESTMENTS.

LAND WARRANTS.

TO RENT—OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT—STORES.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED TO RENT.

TO LEASE.

PROFESSIONAL.

PARTNERS WANTED.

HOUSE & OFFICE FURNISH.

UNDERTAKING.

BOOKS.

FINANCIAL.

BOARDS AND LODGING.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

CARPET CLEANING.

DANCING.

MUSICAL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEDICAL.

IN THE COURTS OF JUSTICE.

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Col. G. W. Bailey of the law firm of Haynes & Bailey left for Niagara Falls yesterday to join his wife. Senator Edmunds of Vermont was also going to the Falls to meet some prominent Republicans.

IN BRIEF.

Judge Tuley will probably hear the proposed demurrer to both the "republican" counsel to-day. Both sides of capital and labor are busy with preparations, and each side will have a full quota of its partisan champions when they both appear in the Circuit Court.

The assessment registered as discovered for Kenwood, Hyde Park, Lake View, Lake, Jefferson, Cicero, Calumet, Hamilton, Lemont, Thornton, Bloom, Bremen, Worth, Palos, Orland, Lyons, Riverside, Proviso, Leyden, Norwood Park, Niles, New Trier, Evanston, Wheeling, Northfield, Maine, Barrington, Ela, Libertyville, Vernon, Deerfield, Shields, Avon, Fremont, Wauconda, Newport, Grant, Antioch, Warren, Waukegan, Cook, Lake, Du Page, Will, Kane, McHenry, Boone, Winnebago, Ogle, Lee, Kendall, Grundy, Kankakee, Iroquois, Ford, Vermilion, Edgar, Clark, Cumberland, Coles, Douglas, Moultrie, Champaign, Piatt, Macon, Shelby, Fayette, Effingham, Jasper, Crawford, Clay, Richland, Lawrence, Wayne, Edwards, Wabash, White, Hamilton, Franklin, Jackson, Perry, Randolph, Monroe, St. Clair, Clinton, Washington, Marion, Clay, Jefferson, Wayne, Hamilton, White, Gallatin, Saline, Williamson, Johnson, Alexander, Pulaski, Union, Massac, Pope, Hardin, Alexander, Pulaski, Union, Massac, Pope, Hardin, Alexander, Pulaski, Union, Massac, Pope, Hardin